8. b) Nagoya Protocol on Access to Genetic Resources and the Fair and Equitable Sharing of Benefits Arising from their Utilization to the Convention on Biological Diversity

Nagoya, 29 October 2010

ENTRY INTO FORCE: 12 October 2014, in accordance with article 33.

REGISTRATION: 12 October 2014, No. 30619.
STATUS: Signatories: 92. Parties: 114.

TEXT: Doc.: UNEP/CBD/COP/DEC/X/1 of 29 October 2010

C.N.115.2011.TREATIES-7 of 18 March 2011 (Proposal of corrections to the original

text of the Protocol (French Version) and to the Certified true copies) and

C.N.356.2011.TREATIES-26 of 17 June 2011(Corrections to the original text of the Protocol (French version) and to the certified true copies); C.N.711.2011.TREATIES-70 of 1 November 2011 (Proposal of corrections to the original text of the Protocol (French Version) and to the Certified true copies) and C.N.53.2012.TREATIES-88 of 31 January 2012 (Corrections to the original text of the Protocol (French version) and to the Certified true copies); C.N.825.2011.TREATIES-78 of 18 January 2012 (Proposal of corrections to the original text of the Protocol (Chinese Version) and to the Certified true copies) and C.N.200.2012.TREATIES-XXVII.8.b of 18 April 2012 (Corrections to the original text

of the Protocol (Chinese version) and to the Certified true copies);

C.N.429.2016.TREATIES-XXVII.8.b of 16 June 2016 (Proposal of corrections to the original text of the Protocol (Chinese Version) and to the Certified true copies) and C.N.625.2016.TREATIES-XXVII.8.b of 15 September 2016 (Corrections to the original

text of the Protocol (Chinese version) and to the Certified true copies).

Note: The above Protocol was adopted on 29 October 2010 at Nagoya, Japan, during the tenth meeting of the Parties to the Convention on Biological Diversity. In accordance with its article 32, the Protocol will be opened for signature by Parties to the Convention at the United Nations Headquarters in New York from 2 February 2011 until 1 February 2012.

Participant Signa	ture	Approval(AA), Acceptance(A), Accession(a), Ratification		Participant Signo	nture	Approval(AA), Acceptance(A), Accession(a), Ratification	
Afghanistan		6 Jun	2018 a	Brazil 2 Fe	b 2011		
Albania		29 Jan	2013 a	Bulgaria23 Ju	n 2011	11 Aug	2016
Algeria 2 Fe	2011			Burkina Faso20 Se	p 2011	10 Jan	2014
Angola		6 Feb	2017 a	Burundi		3 Jul	2014 a
Antigua and Barbuda28 Jul	2011	12 Dec	2016	Cabo Verde26 Se	p 2011		
Argentina15 No	v 2011	9 Dec	2016	Cambodia 1 Fe	b 2012	19 Jan	2015
Australia20 Jar	2012			Cameroon		30 Nov	2016 a
Austria23 Jui	2011	20 Jul	2018	Central African			
Bangladesh 6 Se	2011			Republic 6 A	or 2011	27 Jul	2018
Belarus		26 Jun	2014 a	Chad31 Ja	n 2012	11 Oct	2017
Belgium20 Se	2011	9 Aug	2016	China		8 Jun	2016 a
Benin28 Oc	t 2011	22 Jan	2014	Colombia 2 Fe	b 2011		
Bhutan20 Se	2011	30 Sep	2013	Comoros		28 May	2013 a
Bolivia (Plurinational				Congo23 Se	p 2011	14 May	2015
State of)		6 Oct	2016 a	Costa Rica 6 Ju	2011		
Botswana		21 Feb	2013 a	Côte d'Ivoire25 Ja	n 2012	24 Sep	2013

Participant	Signatu	re	Approva Accepta Accessic Ratifica	nce(Â), on(a),	Participant Signature		Approval(AA), Acceptance(A), Accession(a), re Ratification		
Croatia			2 Sep	2015 a	Lesotho			12 Nov	2014 a
Cuba			17 Sep	2015 a	Liberia			17 Aug	2015 a
Cyprus	29 Dec	2011	•		Lithuania	29 Dec	2011		
Czech Republic		2011	6 May	2016	Luxembourg	23 Jun	2011	25 Oct	2016
Democratic Republic o			,		Madagascar		2011	3 Jul	2014
the Congo	21 Sep	2011	4 Feb	2015	Malawi			26 Aug	2014 a
Denmark ¹	23 Jun	2011	1 May	2014 AA	Malaysia			5 Nov	2018 a
Djibouti	19 Oct	2011	1 Oct	2015	Mali		2011	31 Aug	2016
Dominican Republic	20 Sep	2011	13 Nov	2014	Malta			1 Dec	2016 a
Ecuador	1 Apr	2011	20 Sep	2017	Marshall Islands			10 Oct	2014 a
Egypt	25 Jan	2012	28 Oct	2013	Mauritania	18 Mav	2011	18 Aug	2015
El Salvador	1 Feb	2012			Mauritius	-		17 Dec	2012 a
Eswatini	•••		21 Sep	2016 a	Mexico		2011	16 May	
Ethiopia	•••		16 Nov	2012 a	Micronesia (Federated	2 . 1 00	2011	10 1114	2012
European Union	23 Jun	2011	16 May	2014 AA	States of)	11 Jan	2012	30 Jan	2013
Fiji			24 Oct	2012 a	Mongolia		2012	21 May	2013
Finland		2011	3 Jun	2016 A	Morocco		2011	J	
France	20 Sep	2011	31 Aug	2016	Mozambique	26 Sep	2011	7 Jul	2014
Gabon	-		11 Nov	2011 A	Myanmar	•		8 Jan	2014 a
Gambia	•		3 Jul	2014 a	Namibia			15 May	
Germany		2011	21 Apr	2016	Netherlands ²		2011	19 Aug	2016 A
Ghana		2011	- 111p1	2010	Niger		2011	2 Jul	2014
Greece	-	2011			Nigeria	_	2012		
Grenada	•	2011			Norway		2011	1 Oct	2013
Guatemala	1		18 Jun	2014	Pakistan	•		23 Nov	2015 a
Guinea	•	2011	7 Oct	2014	Palau		2011	13 Jun	2018
Guinea-Bissau		2012	24 Sep	2013 A	Panama	•		12 Dec	2012
Guyana		2012	22 Apr	2014 a	Peru	•		8 Jul	2014
Honduras		2012	12 Aug	2013	Philippines		2011	29 Sep	2015 a
Hungary		2011	29 Apr	2014	Poland		2011	27 Sep	2013 u
India			9 Oct	2012	Portugal	_	2011	11 Apr	2017 AA
Indonesia	•		24 Sep	2013	Qatar	_	2011	25 Jan	2017 a
Ireland	-	2011	24 Sep	2013	Republic of Korea		2011	19 May	
Italy		2012			Republic of Moldova	-	2012	23 Aug	
Japan		2011	22 May	2017 A	Romania		2011	23 / Tu g	2010
Jordan	•	2011	10 Jan	2017 A 2012	Rwanda	-	2011	20 Mar	2012
Kazakhstan		2012	10 Jan 17 Jun	2012 2015 a	Samoa		2011	20 May	
		2012		2013 a 2014				10 Jan	2014 a 2017 a
Kuwait		2012	7 Apr		Sao Tome and Principe		2012	3 Mar	2017 a 2016
Kuwait			1 Jun	2017 a	Senegal		2012		
Kyrgyzstan	•••		15 Jun	2015 a	Serbia	-	2011	30 Oct	2018
Lao People's Democratic					Seychelles		2011	20 Apr	2012
Republic	•••		26 Sep	2012 a	Sierra Leone			1 Nov	2016 a
Lebanon		2012	13 Oct	2017	Slovakia		2011	29 Dec	2015 a
		-	·	- •	Slovenia	27 Sep	2011		

Participant Si ₂	gnature	Approvo Accepta Accessio Ratifica	nce(A), on(a),	Participant Signatur		re	Approval(AA), Acceptance(A), Accession(a), Ratification	
Somalia 9	Jan 2012			Ukraine	30 Jan	2012		
South Africa11	May 2011	10 Jan	2013	United Arab Emir	ates		12 Sep	2014 a
Spain21	Jul 2011	3 Jun	2014	United Kingdom	of			
St. Kitts and Nevis		5 Sep	2018 a	Great Britain		2011	00 F 1	2016
Sudan21	Apr 2011	7 Jul	2014	Northern Irela		2011	22 Feb	2016
Sweden23	Jun 2011	8 Sep	2016	United Republic of Tanzania			19 Jan	2018 a
Switzerland11	May 2011	11 Jul	2014	Uruguay		2011	17 Juli 14 Jul	2016 a 2014
Syrian Arab Republic		5 Apr	2013 a	Vanuatu			1 Jul	2014
Tajikistan20	Sep 2011	12 Sep	2013	Venezuela (Boliva		2011	1 Jul	2014
Thailand31	Jan 2012			Republic of)			10 Oct	2018 a
Togo27	Sep 2011	10 Feb	2016	Viet Nam			23 Apr	2014 a
Tunisia11	May 2011			Yemen		2011	1	
Tuvalu		28 Aug	2018 a	Zambia			20 May	2016 a
Uganda		25 Jun	2014 a	Zimbabwe			1 Sep	2017 a

Declarations

(Unless otherwise indicated, the declarations were made upon ratification, accession, acceptance, approval or succession.)

ARGENTINA

The Argentine Republic declares that the provisions on benefit-sharing in this Protocol are applicable to genetic resources and their derivatives.

Likewise, the provisions of this Protocol are applicable to the benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and their derivatives originating in the Argentine Republic and acquired after the entry into force

of the Convention on Biological Diversity.

The Argentine Republic declares that, under article 4, paragraph 4, of the Nagoya Protocol on Access to Genetic Resources and the Fair and Equitable Sharing of Benefits Arising from their Utilization to the Convention on Biological Diversity, this does not apply in respect of the genetic resources covered by the International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture or in respect of the specific genetic resources covered by any other international access and benefit-sharing instrument that does not run counter to the objectives of the Convention on Biological Diversity and the Protocols thereto, which are in effect on the date of its entry into

BELGIUM

"This signature engages also the French Community, the Flemish Community, the German-speaking Community, the Walloon Region, the Flemish Region and the Brussels-Capital Region.

Unless otherwise notified by the Government of the People's Republic of China, the Protocol shall not apply to the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and the Macao Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China.

EUROPEAN UNION

"The European Union declares that, in accordance with the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 191 thereof, it is competent for entering into international agreements, and for implementing the obligations resulting therefrom, which contribute to the pursuit of the following objectives:

- preserving, protecting and improving the quality of

the environment;

- protecting human health;

- prudent and rational utilisation of natural resources; promoting measures at international level to deal with regional or worldwide environmental problems, and in particular combatting climate change.

Moreover, the European Union adopts measures at Union level for establishing a European Research Area and for the proper functioning of its internal market.

The exercise of Union competence is by its nature subject to continuous development. In order to comply with its obligations under Article 14 (2) (a) of the Nagova Protocol on Access to Genetic Resources and the Fair and Equitable Sharing of Benefits Arising from their Utilization to the Convention of Biological Diversity, the Union will keep up-to-date the list of legal instruments to be transmitted to the Access and Benefit-Sharing Clearing-House.

The European Union is responsible for the performance of those obligations resulting from this Protocol which are covered by Union law in force."

FRANCE

1. The French Republic reiterates the declaration that it made upon the ratification of the Convention on Biological Diversity concerning article 16 on the transfer of technology, with regard to the implementation of articles l and 23 of the Protocol.

- 2. The French Republic recalls the terms of decision UNEP/CBD/COP/DEC/ XII/12 of 25 June 2014 in connection with the use of the term 'indigenous peoples and local communities' instead of the term 'indigenous and local communities' found in various provisions of the Protocol:
- The use of the term 'indigenous peoples and local communities' in future decisions and all secondary documents under the Protocol shall have no effect on the legal meaning of the articles of the Protocol that use the term 'indigenous and local communities';

- The use of the term 'indigenous peoples and local communities' cannot be interpreted as implying for any Party the amendment of rights or obligations under the Protocol;

- The use of the term 'indigenous peoples and local communities' in future decisions and all secondary documents shall not serve as a context for the interpretation of the Protocol, or a subsequent agreement nor subsequent practice, among the Parties to the Protocol, within the

meaning of article 31 of the Vienna Convention on the law of treaties of 23 May 1969, which codifies customary international law in this area.

With reference to the declaration that it made during the adoption of the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples of 13 September 2007, France would recall that, in accordance with the constitutional principles of the indivisibility of the Republic and the unity of the French people, the French people is composed of all French citizens without distinctionbased on origin, race or religion. Under those principles and the principle of the equality of citizens before the law, only the French people as a whole can be granted rights.

SYRIAN ARAB REPUBLIC

The accession of the Syrian Arab Republic to this Protocol shall in no way imply its recognition of Israel or entail its entry into any dealings with Israel in the matters governed by the provisions thereof.

Notes:

- ¹ Upon its Approval of the Protocol, the Government of Denmark notified the Secretary-General that the Protocol shall not apply in respect of Greenland and the Faroe Islands.
- ² For the European part and the Caribbean part (the Islands of Bonaire, Sint Eustatius and Saba) of the Netherlands.